

Dear Fieldwork Educators and Administrators,

The AOTA Fieldwork Data Form that follows is part of the required documents for confirming a fieldwork site for OTD students at Methodist University. The Accreditation Council for Occupational Therapy (ACOTE) Standards (ACOTE, 2012) in 'Section C' are denoted on the form.

The main purpose of this AOTA Fieldwork Data Form is to summarize information regarding the program at a fieldwork site and to document the connection between the curriculum design of a given OT educational program with its fieldwork component. Our OTD students will find valuable information describing the characteristics of the fieldwork setting; the client population; commonly used assessments; interventions; and expectations and opportunities for students. Additionally, the OTD program at Methodist University is using this AOTA Fieldwork Data Form to reflect the *Occupational Therapy Practice Framework: Domain and Process, 3rd Edition* (American Occupational Therapy Association [AOTA], 2014) terminology and best practice in occupational therapy and to promote quality fieldwork experiences.

For your convenience, this Fieldwork Data Form can be sent electronically. It can be completed, signed, and returned through email. Please feel free to contact me <u>if you need any assistance</u> in completing this data form.

Thank you again for fulfilling an essential role in educating our students with the clinical learning experiences needed to become high-quality practitioners.

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AOTA FIELDWORK DATA FORM

Date: Name of Facility:						
Address: Street:	City	y:	State: Z	ip:		
<u>FW I</u>			<u>FW II</u>			
Contact Person:	_	redentials:	Contact Person:		Credentia	
Phone: Emai	d:		Phone:	Emai	il:	
Director: Phone: Fax: Website address:		Initiation Source: ☐ FW Office ☐ FW Site ☐ Student	Corporate Status: ☐ For Profit ☐ Nonprofit ☐ State Gov't ☐ Federal Gov't	☐ Any ☐ Second	Third only; ne only □F	f FW: ACOTE Standards B.10.6 First must be in: Part-time option
OT Fieldwork Practice Settings:						
Hospital-based settings	Community-ba	ased settings	School-based settin		e oups:	Number of Staff:
☐ Inpatient Acute ☐ Inpatient Rehab ☐ SNF/Sub-Acute/Acute Long- Term Care ☐ General Rehab Outpatient ☐ Outpatient Hands ☐ Pediatric Hospital/Unit ☐ Pediatric Hospital Outpatient ☐ Inpatient Psychiatric	☐ Older Adult ☐ Older Adult	Health Community Community Living Day Program and private practice Program for DD h	☐ Early Intervention☐ School Other area(s) Please specify:	n 🗆 🗀	0–5 6–12 13–21 22–64	OTRs: OTAs/COTAs: Aides: PT: Speech: Resource Teacher: Counselor/Psychologist: Other:
☐ Medicare/Medicaid fraud check ☐ Criminal background check ☐ Child protection/abuse check ☐ Adult abuse check ☐ Fingerprinting		t aid ection control ning AA training f. liability ins. n transportation rview	Health requirements: HepB MMR Tetanus Chest x-ray Drug screening TB/Mantoux		□Physical Check up □Varicella □Influenza Please list any other requirements:	
Please list how students should prepare for a FW II placement such as doing readings, learning specific evaluations and interventions used in your setting: ACOTE Standards C.1.2, C.1.11						
Student work schedule and outsid study expected:		_	Describe level of structudent?	ture for	support fo	evel of supervisory r student?
Schedule hrs/week/day:		provided □yes □no	☐ High		☐ High	
Do students work weekends? □yes	□no Meals	□yes □no	☐ Moderate		☐ Moderate	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		d amount:	☐ Low		☐ Low	
Describe the FW environment/atmosphere for student learning:						
Describe available public transportation:						



$\textbf{Types of OT interventions addressed in this setting} \ (\textbf{check all that apply}):$

Occupations: Client-directed occupations that match and support identified participation level goals (check all that apply):					
ACOTE Standards C.1.8, C.1.11, C.1.12	Instrumental Astinition of Daile Linia (IADI)	Edwarfian			
Activities of Daily Living (ADL)	Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)	Education ☐ Formal education participation			
☐ Bathing/showering ☐ Toileting and toilet hygiene	☐ Care of others/pets ☐ Care of pets	☐ Informal personal education needs or interests			
☐ Dressing	☐ Child rearing	exploration			
☐ Swallowing/eating	☐ Communication management	☐ Informal personal education participation			
☐ Feeding	☐ Driving and community mobility	• •			
☐ Functional mobility	☐ Financial management	Work			
☐ Personal device care	☐ Health management and maintenance	☐ Employment interests and pursuits			
☐ Personal hygiene and grooming	☐ Home establishment and management	☐ Employment seeking and acquisition			
☐ Sexual activity	☐ Meal preparation and clean up ☐ Religious / spiritual activities and expression	☐ Job performance			
Rest and Sleep	☐ Safety and emergency maintenance	☐ Retirement preparation and adjustment ☐ Volunteer exploration			
Rest	☐ Shopping	☐ Volunteer exploration			
☐ Sleep preparation					
☐ Sleep participation		2			
Dlay	Leisure	Social Participation			
Play ☐ Play exploration	☐ Leisure exploration	☐ Community			
☐ Play participation	☐ Leisure exploration	☐ Family			
	_ Delbure participation	☐ Peer/friend			
Astinition Designed and selected to	Duonayatawi Mathada and Tasksi Mathada	Education: describe			
Activities: Designed and selected to support the development of skills,	Preparatory Methods and Tasks: Methods, adaptations and techniques that prepare the	Education: describe			
performance patterns, roles, habits,	client for occupational performance				
and routines that enhance	☐ Preparatory tasks	Training: describe			
occupational engagement	☐ Exercises				
☐ Practicing an activity	☐ Physical agent modalities	Advocacy: describe			
☐ Simulation of activity	□ Splinting				
☐ Role play	☐ Assistive technology	Group Interventions: describe			
Examples:	☐ Mheelchair mobility				
	Examples:				
	Examples.				
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Method of Intervention	Outcomes of Intervention	Theory/Frames of Reference/Models of Practice			
	☐Occupational performance improvement and/or	☐ Acquisitional			
Method of Intervention Direct Services/Caseload for entry-level OT	☐Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement	☐ Acquisitional ☐ Biomechanical			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry-	☐Occupational performance improvement and/or	☐ Acquisitional ☐ Biomechanical ☐ Cognitive/Behavioral			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT	☐Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement	☐ Acquisitional ☐ Biomechanical ☐ Cognitive/Behavioral ☐ Coping			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s):	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one:	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention	☐ Acquisitional ☐ Biomechanical ☐ Cognitive/Behavioral ☐ Coping			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry-level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group:	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (%	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life ☐ Role competence	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients)	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life ☐ Role competence	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO)			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life ☐ Role competence ☐ Participation	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home ☐ Another medical facility	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life ☐ Role competence ☐ Participation OT Intervention Approaches	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO)			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life ☐ Role competence ☐ Participation OT Intervention Approaches ☐ Create, promote health/habits	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home ☐ Another medical facility	☐ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement ☐ Health and Wellness ☐ Prevention ☐ Quality of life ☐ Role competence ☐ Participation OT Intervention Approaches ☐ Create, promote health/habits ☐ Establish, restore, remediate	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP)			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home ☐ Another medical facility	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home ☐ Another medical facility	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT ☐ One-to-one: ☐ Small group(s): ☐ Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) ☐ Home ☐ Another medical facility	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry-level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Home Another medical facility Home health	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation □ Prevent disability	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry-level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Home Another medical facility Home health	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry-level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Home Another medical facility Home health	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation □ Prevent disability	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry-level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Home Another medical facility Home health	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation □ Prevent disability gs and evaluations used in your setting:	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Another medical facility Home health Please list the most common screenin Identify safety precautions importan Medications	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation □ Prevent disability gs and evaluations used in your setting: tat your FW site □ Swallowing/choking risks	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration □ Other (please list):			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Home Another medical facility Home health Please list the most common screenin Medications Postsurgical (list procedures)	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation □ Prevent disability gs and evaluations used in your setting: t at your FW site □ Swallowing/choking risks □ Behavioral system/ privilegence.	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration			
Direct Services/Caseload for entry- level OT One-to-one: Small group(s): Large group: Discharge/Outcomes of Clients (% clients) Another medical facility Home health Please list the most common screenin Identify safety precautions importan Medications	□ Occupational performance improvement and/or enhancement □ Health and Wellness □ Prevention □ Quality of life □ Role competence □ Participation OT Intervention Approaches □ Create, promote health/habits □ Establish, restore, remediate □ Maintain □ Modify, facilitate compensation, adaptation □ Prevent disability gs and evaluations used in your setting: tat your FW site □ Swallowing/choking risks	□ Acquisitional □ Biomechanical □ Cognitive/Behavioral □ Coping □ Developmental □ Ecology of Human Performance □ Model of Human Occupation (MOHO) □ Occupational Adaptation □ Occupational Performance □ Person-Environment-Occupation (PEO) □ Person-Environment-Occupational Performance (PEOP) □ Psychosocial □ Rehabilitation frames of reference □ Sensory Integration □ Other (please list):			



Performance skills, patterns, contexts and client factors addressed in this setting (check all that apply): ACOTE Standard C. 1.12				
Performance Skills: Motor skills Process skills Social interaction skills Performance Patterns: Person: Habits Routines Rituals Roles Group or Population: Habits Routines Rituals Rotines Rituals Roles Rituals Roles Rituals Roles	☐ Sensory functions ☐ Neuromusculoskelet functions ☐ Muscle functions ☐ Movement functions ☐ Cardiovascular, hem respiratory system functions	natological, immunological, and etions nctions; digestive, metabolic, and cions;	Context(s): Cultural Personal Temporal Virtual Environment: Social	
Most common services priorities (check all that apply): □ Direct service □ Meetings (team, department, family) □ Discharge planning □ Client education □ Evaluation □ Intervention Target caseload/productivity for fieldwork students: Productivity (%) per 40-hour work week: Caseload expectation at end of FW: Productivity (%) per 8-hour day:		Consultation Billing Documentation Documentation: Frequency/Format (briefly describe): Handwritten documentation: Computerized medical records: Time frame requirements to complete documentation:		
Number groups per day expected at end of FW	<i>'</i> :			
Administrative/Management Duties or Responsibilities of the OT/OTA Student: Schedule own clients Supervision of others (Level I students, aides, OTA, volunteers) Budgeting Procuring supplies (shopping for cooking groups, client/intervention-related items) Participating in supply or environmental maintenance Other:		Student Assignments. Students complete: Research/EBP/Literature revie In-service Case study In-service participation/grand or Fieldwork project (describe): Field visits/rotations to other a Observation of other units/disc	w rounds reas of service ciplines	



OPTIONAL DATA COLLECTION:

Comments:

The question includes in this section may be used by academic programs to demonstrate compliance with the Accreditation Council for Occupational Therapy Education (ACOTE) Standards documentation for fieldwork.

1.	Please identify any external review agencies that accredit / recognize this FW setting and year of accreditation/ recognition. Examples: JCAHO, CARF, Department of Health, etc					
	Agency for External Review: (name) Year of most recent review: Summary of outcomes of OT Department review:					
	Agency for External Review: (name) Year of most recent review: Summary of outcomes of OT Department review:					
	Agency for External Review: (name) Year of most recent review: Summary of outcomes of OT Department review:					
2.	Describe the fieldwork site agency stated mission or purpose (can be attached).					
3.	OT Curriculum Design Integrated with Fieldwork Site (insert key OT academic curricular themes here) ACOTE Standards C.1.2, C.1.3, C.1.7, C.1.8, C.1.11, C.1.12 a. How are occupation-based needs evaluated and addressed in your OT program??					
	b. Describe how you seek to include client-centered OT practice. How do clients participate in goal setting and intervention activities?					
	c. Describe how psychosocial factors influence engagement in occupational therapy services.					
	d. Describe how you address clients' community-based needs in your setting.					
4.	How do you incorporate evidence-based practice into interventions and decision making? Are FW students encouraged to provide evidence for their practice? ACOTE Standards C.1.3, C.1.11					
5.	Please describe the FW Program and how students fit into the program. Describe the progression of student supervision from novice to entry-level practitioner using direct supervision, co-treatment, and monitoring, as well as regular formal and informal supervisory meetings. Describe the fieldwork objectives, weekly fieldwork expectations, and record keeping of supervisory sessions conducted with student. Please mail a copy of the FW student objectives, weekly expectations for the Level II FW placement, dress code, and copy of an entry-level job description with essential job functions to the AFWC. ACOTE Standards C.1.1, C.1.2, C.1.3, C.1.4, C.1.8, C.1.9					
6.	Please describe the background of supervisors by attaching a list of practitioners who are FW educators including their academic program, degree, years of experience since initial certification, and years of experience supervising students) ACOTE Standards C.1.9, C.1.14, C.1.17, C.1.19					
7.	Describe the training provided for OT staff for effective supervision of students (check all that apply). ACOTE Standards C.1.9, C.1.15, C.1.16					
	☐ Supervisory models					
	☐ Training on use of FW assessment tools (such as the AOTA Fieldwork Performance Evaluation–FWPE, the Student Evaluation of Fieldwork Experience–SEFWE, and the Fieldwork Experience Assessment Tool–FEAT)					
	□Clinical reasoning					
	□Reflective practice					



8. Please describe the process for record keeping of supervisory sessions with a student, the student orientation process to the agency, OT service and the fieldwork experience. ACOTE Standards C.1.2, C.1.3, C.1.10					
	Supervisory Patterns-Description (respond to all that appl	y)			
	□1:1 Supervision model:	3,			
	☐Multiple students supervised by one supervisor:				
	Collaborative supervision model:				
	☐Multiple supervisors share supervision of one student; num	nber of supervisor	s per student:		
	□Non-OT supervisors:	•	•		
9.	Describe funding and reimbursement sources and their impa	ect on student super	vision.		
ST	ATUS/TRACKING INFORMATION SENT TO	O FACILITY:			
Date	e:				
ACO	TE Standard C.1.6				
Wh	ich documentation does the fieldwork site need?				
	Fieldwork Agreement/Contract?				
OR					
□ N	Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)?				
Wh	ich FW Agreement will be used?: ☐ OT Academic Program	n Fieldwork Agree	ment	work Site Agreement/ Contract	
Titl	e of parent corporation (if different from facility name):				
ar.					
ıyı	be of business organization (Corporation, partnership, sole pr	roprietor, etc.):			
Sta	te of incorporation:				
Fiel	dwork site agreement negotiator:	Phone:		Email:	
Ado Stre	dress (if different from facility): tet: City:	State:	Zip:		
Nar	ne of student: Potential start date for fieldwork:	<u> </u>			
Any	v notation or changes that you want to include in the initial co	ntact letter:			
Info	ormation Status ACOTE Standards C.1.1, C.1.2, C.1.3, C.1.8,				
	☐ New general facility letter sent:				
	☐ Level I Information Packet sent:				
	☐ Level II Information Packet sent:				
	☐Mail contract with intro letter (sent):				
	☐ Confirmation sent:				
	☐ Model behavioral objectives:				
	☐ Week-by-week outline:				
	☐ Other information:				
	☐ Database entry:				
	☐ Facility information:				
	☐ Student fieldwork information:				
	☐ Make facility folder:				
	☐ Print facility sheet:				
				MU Revised Version of the AOTA FW Data Form with Permission 8/11/2017	